Seat No.

Post Graduate Diploma in Digital Cartography (ANNUAL/CR) **Annual Examination: March/April-2023** Geography (Compulsoary) Paper-I

DCT1: Fundamentals of Cartography

	ay and Date:Saturday,20/05/2023 Total Marks: 60 me: 3.30 PM To 5.30 PM
Ins	structions: 1. All Questions are Compulsory. 2. All Questions carry equal marks. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks
Q.	1.Choose the Correct alternatives from the following. 15
1	The printing of a map or the electronic duplication of a map in a digital format is called as
	1) Map production 2) Map reproduction 3) Xerography 4) Photography
2	GPS stands for
	1) Global Personal System 2) Global Positioning System 3) Ground Practical System 4) Ground Positioning System
3	In cartography, the process of converting data from analog to digital format is called as
	1) Vectorisation 2) Digitisation 3) Data conversion 4) Correction
4	Worldwide geocaching is carried out by
	1) GIS 2) GPS 3) Internet 4) Remote Sensing
5	Geographic Information System (GIS) was coined in the year
	1) 1960 2) 1070 3) 1980 4) 1990
6	method is used for showing qualitative distribution on a map.
	1) Choropleth 2) Chorochromatic 3) Isopleth 4) Dot
7	The process of selecting the type, preparing the names, and placing them in position is collectively called the map.
	1) Symbolization 2) Lettering 3) Production 4) Visualization
8	The process of creating graphic symbols to represent feature attribute values is part of
	1) Symbolization 2) Generalization 3) Compilation 4) Simplification
9	Which of the following distributional maps shows the district density variation of population in Rajasthan?
	1) Chorochromatic 2) Choropleth 3) Isopleth 4) Choroschematic

10 Lines showing places of equal temperature are called _

1) Isohalines 2) Isobars 3) Isopleths 4) Isotherm

11	ERDAS software is basically used for				
	1) Spatial Feature Analysis 2) Digital Image Processing 3) Spatial data analysis 4) Data Form Processing	nat			
12	Weekly temperature of a place can be represents by means of				
	1) Bar graph 2) Line graph 3) Pie diagram 4) Histogram				
13	Digital Elevation Model is a data model.				
	1) Vector 2) Raster 3) Primary 4) All of above				
14	creates zones consisting of areas within a specified distance of select features.				
	1) Buffering 2) overlay 3) Zonation 4) Pattern Analysis				
15	is a map that uses a progressive color scheme such as light red to dark red to she the variation is spatial data.	ow			
	1) Graduated Color Map 2) Graduated Symbol Map 3) Thematic Map 4) General Map				
Q.2	Q.2.Write short Notes (Three out of Four).				
1	Scope of Cartography.				
2	Map Reproduction methods.				
3	Cartographic Data.				
4	Application of computer cartography in natural resource management.				
Q.3	3.Write short Answers (Three out of Four) .	15			
1	Explain in brief Manual Cartography.				
2	Explain in brief the Rectangular (Projected) Co-ordinate systems.				
3	Write in brief the geographic uses of pie diagram.				
4	Explain in brief on various software's are used in computer cartography.				
Q. 4	1 Answer the following question on broad. (One out of two).	15			
1	What is Cartography? Explain the nature of Cartography.				
2	Write down an application of computer cartography in agriculture.				

Model Answer Paper Annual Examination: March/April-2023" Geography (Compulsoary) Paper-I DCT1: Fundamentals of Cartography

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15 Q.1. Choose the Correct alternatives from the following. The printing of a map or the electronic duplication of a map in a digital format is called as 1) Map production 2) Map reproduction 3) Xerography 4) Photography Option 2 2 GPS stands for 2) Global Positioning System 1) Global Personal System 3) Ground Practical System 4) **Ground Positioning System** Option 2 In cartography, the process of converting data from analog to digital format is called as 3 1) Vectorisation 2) Digitisation 3) Data conversion 4) Correction Option 2 Worldwide geocaching is carried out by 2) GPS 1) GIS 3) Internet 4) Remote Sensing

Total Marks: 60

5	Option 4 Geographic Information System (GIS) was coined in the year
	1) 1960 2) 1070 3) 1980 4) 1990
	Option 1
6	method is used for showing qualitative distribution on a map.
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7	Option 2 The process of selecting the type, preparing the names, and placing them in position is collectively called the map.
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9	Option 1 Which of the following distributional maps shows the district density variation of population in Rajasthan?
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11	Option 4 ERDAS software is basically used for
	1) Spatial Feature Analysis 2) Digital Image Processing 3) Spatial data analysis 4) Data Format Processing
12	Option 2 Weekly temperature of a place can be represents by means of
	1) Bar graph 2) Line graph 3) Pie diagram 4) Histogram
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	Option 1
15	is a map that uses a progressive color scheme such as light red to dark red to show the variation is spatial data.
	1) Graduated Color Map 2) Graduated Symbol Map 3) Thematic Map 4) General Map
Q.2	Option 1 2. Write short Note (Three out of Four) 15
1	Scope of Cartography.
	Ans:
2	Map Reproduction methods.
	Ans:
3	Cartographic Data.
	Ans:

Application of computer cartography in natural resource management.

Ans: Q.3. Write short Answers (Three out of Four). 15 Explain in brief Manual Cartography. Ans: Explain in brief the Rectangular (Projected) Co-ordinate systems. Ans: Write in brief the geographic uses of pie diagram. 3 Ans: Explain in brief on various software's are used in computer cartography. Q.4. Answer the following question on broad. (One out of two). 15

What is Cartography? Explain the nature of Cartography.

Ans:

Write down an application of computer cartography in agriculture.

Ans:
