Seat No.	
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B.A. (SEM/CR) CBCS Part-III Semester-V Examination: March/April-2023 English (Optional) Paper-XI

ENGO11: Language and Linguistics
Day and Date: Tuesday 16/05/2023

	y and Date:Tuesday,16/05/2023 me: 1.00 PM To 3.00 PM	Total Marks: 60
Ins	tructions: 1. All Questions are Compulsory. 2. All Questions carry equal marks. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks	
Q.1	.Choose the Correct alternatives from the following.	15
1	Active Articulators are located in	
	a) upper jaw b) oral cavity c) lower jaw d) nasal cavity	
2	are the vowel sounds which have a glide from one vowel sound to another.	
	a) Diphthongs b) Vowels c) Consonants d) Allophones	
3	Identify the correct phonemic symbols of underlined sounds.	
	that, them, although	
	a) /ð/ b) /æ/ c) /t/ d) /d/	
4	/b/ is a voiced, bilabial,	
	a) fricative b) plosive c) affricative d) nasal	
5	There areback vowel sounds.	
	a) 03 b) 05 c) 04 d) 06	
6	Animal communication isin nature.	
	a) non-instinctive b) instinctive c) unlimited d) methodical	
7	Human language is ansystem.	
	a) unfolded b) ended c) informative d) open ended	
8	Animal communication does not have any	
	a) grammar b) unlimited symbols c) structure d) placement	
9	Animal communication is system which getstransmitted.	
	a) systematically b) genetically c) culturally d) socially	
10	is the only difference between humans and animals.	
	a) Culture b) Language c) Society d) Tradition	
11	is the scientific study of the organization of words.	
	a) Phonology b) Morphology c) Graphology d) Pragmatics	

12 A.....morpheme is called as a stem.

b) free

c) class changing

d) class maintaining

a) bound

13	Suffixes are attached at theof the word.					
	a) end b) beginning c) in between d) none of above					
14	Today's world is an ad mad world.					
	Word formation process of the underlined word is					
	a) compounding b) acronym c) clipping d) blending					
15	When words change their form, they change theiralso.					
	a) class b) meaning c) function d) definition					
Q.2	.Write short Notes (Three out of Four) .	15				
1	Plosive consonant sounds					
2	Which are the Voiceless consonant sounds? Give examples.					
3	Arbitrariness of human language					
4	Types of Affixation					
Q.3	. Write short Answers (Three out of Four) .	15				
1	What are various manners of articulation?					
2	Creativity and productivity as a feature of human language.					
3	Give a morphological analysis of the following words. (any 2)					
	a) illegally b) decentralization c) befooling d) newspaperboy					
4	Explain the difference between acronyms and clipping with suitable examples.					
Q.4	Answer the following question on broad. (One out of two).	15				
1	Write three-term labels of front and central vowel sounds.					
2	Write in detail on derivational class changing and class maintaining suffixes with suitable examples.					

Model Answer Paper B.A. (SEM/CR) CBCS Part-III Semester-V Examination: March/April-2023 English (Optional) Paper-XI ENCO11: Language and Linguistics

ENGO11: Language and Linguistics Day and Date:Tuesday,16/05/2023 **Total Marks: 60** Time: 1.00 PM To 3.00 PM Q.1. Choose the Correct alternatives from the following. 15 Active Articulators are located in..... 1 c) lower jaw a) upper jaw b) oral cavity d) nasal cavity Option 3 2are the vowel sounds which have a glide from one vowel sound to another. a) Diphthongs b) Vowels c) Consonants d) Allophones Option 1 3 Identify the correct phonemic symbols of underlined sounds. that, them, although a) /ð/ b) / æ/ c) /t/ d) /d/ Option 1 /b/ is a voiced, bilabial, c) affricative a) fricative b) plosive d) nasal Option 2 There areback vowel sounds. a) 03 b) 05 c) 04 d) 06

Option 2

	a) non-instinctive b) instinctive c) unlimited d) methodical					
7	Option 2 Human language is ansystem.					
	a) unfolded b) ended c) informative d) open ended					
8	Option 4 Animal communication does not have any					
	a) grammar b) unlimited symbols c) structure d) placement					
9	Option 1 Animal communication is system which getstransmitted.					
	a) systematically b) genetically c) culturally d) socially					
10	Option 2is the only difference between humans and animals.					
	a) Culture b) Language c) Society d) Tradition					
11	Option 2is the scientific study of the organization of words.					
	a) Phonology b) Morphology c) Graphology d) Pragmatics					
12	Option 2 Amorpheme is called as a stem.					
	a) bound b) free c) class changing d) class maintaining					
13	Option 2 Suffixes are attached at theof the word.					
	a) end b) beginning c) in between d) none of above					
14	Option 1 Today's world is an ad mad world.					
	Word formation process of the underlined word is					
	a) compounding b) acronym c) clipping d) blending					
15	Option 3 When words change their form, they change theiralso.					
	a) class b) meaning c) function d) definition					
Q.2	Option 3 Write short Note (Three out of Four)	15				
1	Plosive consonant sounds					
	Ans:					
2	Which are the Voiceless consonant sounds? Give examples.					
	Ans:					
3	Arbitrariness of human language					
	Ans:					
4	Types of Affixation					
	Ans:					
Q.3	Q.3. Write short Answers (Three out of Four).					

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Animal communication isin nature.

What are various manners of articulation?

Ans:

3	Give a morphological analysis of the following words. (any 2)				
	a) illegally	b) decentralization	c) befooling	d) newspaperboy	
	Ans:				
4	Explain the difference between acronyms and clipping with suitable examples. Ans:				
Q.4. Answer the following question on broad. (One out of two).					
1	Write three-term labels of front and central vowel sounds.				
	Ans:				

Creativity and productivity as a feature of human language.

Write in detail on derivational class changing and class maintaining suffixes with suitable examples.

Ans:

Ans:
