

M.A. (SEM/CR) CBCS Part-II Semester-IV Examination: March/April-2023
Geography (Compulsory) Paper-XIII

GEOC29: Development of Modern Geographical Thought

Day and Date: Wednesday, 03/05/2023

Total Marks: 60

Time: 3.30 PM To 5.30 PM

Instructions:

1. All Questions are Compulsory.
2. All Questions carry equal marks.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks
4. Draw the diagram wherever necessary.
5. Allowed to use map stencil, if necessary

Q.1. Choose the Correct alternatives from the following.

15

- 1regarded as founder of historical geography.
 1. Homer 2. Herodotus 3. Ratzel 4. Ritter
- 2was the first geographers that prepare a world map to scale.
 1. Anaximander 2. Al-Biruni 3. Erasthenis 4. Kant
- 3 Gnomon was firstly used by.....
 1. Anaximander 2. Al-Biruni 3. Erasthenis 4. Strabo
- 4pointed out that the salt in the seas comes from the land. .
 1. Al-Masudi 2. Al Buruni 3. Ibn Battuta 4. Humboldt
- 5 The physical part of geography linked geography toscience.
 1. natural 2. social 3. economical 4. mathematical
- 6, carried forward the Darwinian idea in the book 'The Geographical Pivot of History' in 1904.
 1. Halford J. Mackinder, 2. Ellsworth Huntington, 3. Lucien Febvre, 4. H. H. Barrows
- 7 Carl Ritter founded the geographical society in Germany.
 1. Berlin, 2. New York, 3. Asia, 4. France
- 8 Ratzel seminal work is titled
 1. Erdkunde, 2. Cosmos, 3. Anthropogeography, 4. Nature of geography
- 9 Blache established the school ofin relation to the study of man-environment relationship in the French school of geographical thought.
 1. Environmental determinism, 2. Posibilism, 3. Neo-determinism, 4. Social Determinism
- 10 Erdkunde written by Ritter consists of how many number of volumes-.....
 1. 5 2. 22 3. 19 4. 15
- 11 Varenus laid the foundation of the dichotomy ofgeography.
 1. systematic and regional 2. human and physical 3. economical and social 4. any other

- 12is defined as the study of areas in their totality or complexity.
1. Regional geography 2. Systematic geography 3. Human geography 4. Behavioural geography
- 13, postulated the dictum of Place-Work-Folk which stated that place (Environment) determined work (Work) which, in turn, determined Folk (Society).
1. Frederic le Play 2. Vidal De la Blache 3. Mark Jefareerson 4. Any other
- 14wrote, there are no necessities, but everywhere possibilities.”
1. Vidal De La Blache 2. Fedrich Ratzel 3. Alferd Hettnar 4. Lucien Febvre
- 15 According to, “Man is a geographical agent and not the least. He everywhere contributes his share.”
1. Lucien Febvre 2. Vidal De La Blache 3. Fedrich Ratzel 4. Alferd Hettnar

Q.2. Write short Notes (Three out of Four) . 15

- 1 Geography as a social science.
- 2 Greek’s contribution in Geography
- 3 Cosmas
- 4 Physical Geography vs Human Geography.

Q.3. Write short Answers (Three out of Four) . 15

- 1 How geography can be considered as a natural science?
- 2 How Richard Hartshorne define geography?
- 3 Take a review of supporters of regional geography.
- 4 What are merits and demerits of quantitative approach?

Q.4.. Answer the following question on broad. (One out of two). 15

- 1 Discuss the contribution of Arabs to Geography.
- 2 Take an account of Humboldt’s contribution in geography?

Model Answer Paper

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Option 2

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Option 1

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Option 1

4pointed out that the salt in the seas comes from the land. .
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Option 1

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Option 1

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Option 1

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Option 3

9 Blache established the school ofin relation to the study of man-environment relationship in the French school of geographical thought.
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Option 2

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Option 3

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Option 4

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Option 1

Q.2. Write short Notes (Three out of Four) .

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1 Geography as a social science.

Ans:

2 Greek's contribution in Geography

Ans:

3 Cosmas

Ans:

4 Physical Geography vs Human Geography.

Ans:

Q.3. Write short Answers (Three out of Four) .

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1 How geography can be considered as a natural science?

Ans:

2 How Richard Hartshorne define geography?

Ans:

3 Take a review of supporters of regional geography.

Ans:

4 What are merits and demerits of quantitative approach?

Ans:

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Ans:

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Ans:
