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## M.A. (SEM/CR) CBCS Part-II Semester-III Examination: October/November-2022 Geography (Optional) Paper-XI GEOO23: Biogeography

Day and Date: Monday, 19/12/2022 Total Marks: 60

Time: 3.30 PM To 5.30 PM

## **Instructions:**

- 1. All Questions are Compulsory.
- 2. All Questions carry equal marks.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks
- 4. Draw the diagram wherever necessary.
- 5. Allowed to use map stencil, if necessary

1) marsupial 2) aves 3) mammals 4) reptile

Q.1. Choose the Correct alternatives from the following. 15 1 is a study of the origin, distribution, adaptation and association of plants and animals. 1) Plant geography 2) Physical geography 3) Biogeography 4) Animal geography Following became commonly known as the father of biogeography. 2 1) Alexander Von Humboldt 2) Charles Lyell 3) Charls Darwin 4) Alfred Russel Wallace The water-energy dynamics hypothesis for the latitudinal diversity gradient was put forth by 3 1) Carolus Linnaeus 2) Edward O. Wilson 3) Alfred Russel Wallace 4) Alexander Von Humboldt Species Plantarum was authored by in 1753. 1) Charls Darwin 2) Carlous Linnaeous 3) Alfred Wgner 4) Croizat was first used by the Indian Government during the 1970's to describe 5 The term forestry in village. 1) Recreation forestry 2) Agro forestry 3) Farm forestry 4) Social forestry Algae, fungi, lichens are best example of plants. 1) Phanerogams 2) Pteridophyta 3) Bryophyta 4) Thallophyta 7 include those plants whose life lasts for only one season of the year. 1) Cryptophytes 2) Therophytes 3) Phanerophyteo 4) Chamaephyte Which animal mother keeps the young ones in the pouch ehere they get protection as well as they are fed with milk because this pouch contains mammary glands havings teats? 1) Kangaroo 2) Beers 3) Whale 4) Seal In mammary glands are used to produce milk to nourish their young.

10	The trees and shrubs greater than 25 cm in height that have their leaf-producing buds elevated above ground on stems are called as in Raunkiaer's classification.	
	1) Phanerophytes 2) Therophytes 3) Geophytes 4) Chamaephytes	
11	Biogeography studies the origin, distribution, and association of plants and animals.	
	1) adaptation 2) acceptance 3) speciation 4) adjustment	
12	The refers to both the movement of individuals from their birth site to their breeding site as well as the movement from one breeding site to another.	
	1) Dispersal 2) Adaption 3) Speciation 4) Extinction	
13	Biogeographic process of is the mechanism by which a new species is formed.	
	1) Speciation 2) Colonization 3) Extinction 4) Adaptation	
14	The is the process in biology by which a species spreads into new areas, regions and continents.	
	1) speciation 2) extinction 3) succession 4) colonization	
15	Which type of speciation is the process of sudden evolution of new species?	
	1) Gradual 2) Abrupt 3) Stasipatric 4) Sympatric	
<b>Q.</b> 2	Q.2.Write short Notes (Three out of Four).	
1	History of Biogeography	
2	Biodiversity in India	
3	Geographical Classification of plants	
4	Carriers of Dispersal.	
Q.3	S.Write short Answers (Three out of Four).	
1	Give an element of Biogeography	
2	What are the examples of floating hydrophytes plant?	
3	Explain in brief the economic and ecological impacts of invasion.	
4	What is Adoption?	
<b>Q.</b> 4	Answer the following question on broad. (One out of two).	
1	Explain in details about the Biodiversity hotspots in India.	
2	Write an account of the process of plants and animal dispersal.	

## **Model Answer Paper** M.A. (SEM/CR) CBCS Part-II Semester-III Examination: Oct,/Nov.-2022 Geography (Optional) Paper-XI **GEOO23: Biogeography**

Day and Date:Monday,19/12/2022 **Total Marks: 60** 

15

## Q.1. Choose the Correct alternatives from the following.

1	is a study of the origin, distribution, adaptation and association of plants and animals.
	1) Plant geography 2) Physical geography 3) Biogeography 4) Animal geography
2	Option 3 Following became commonly known as the father of biogeography.
	1) Alexander Von Humboldt 2) Charles Lyell 3) Charls Darwin 4) Alfred Russel Wallace
3	Option 4 The water—energy dynamics hypothesis for the latitudinal diversity gradient was put forth by
	1) Carolus Linnaeus 2) Edward O. Wilson 3) Alfred Russel Wallace 4) Alexander Von Humboldt
4	Option 4 Species Plantarum was authored by in 1753.
	1) Charls Darwin 2) Carlous Linnaeous 3) Alfred Wgner 4) Croizat
5	Option 2 The term was first used by the Indian Government during the 1970's to describe forestry in village.
	1) Recreation forestry 2) Agro forestry 3) Farm forestry 4) Social forestry
6	Option 4 Algae, fungi, lichens are best example of plants.
	1) Phanerogams 2) Pteridophyta 3) Bryophyta 4) Thallophyta
-	Option 4
7	include those plants whose life lasts for only one season of the year.
	1) Cryptophytes 2) Therophytes 3) Phanerophyteo 4) Chamaephyte
8	Option 2 Which animal mother keeps the young ones in the pouch ehere they get protection as well as they are fed with milk because this pouch contains mammary glands havings teats?
	1) Kangaroo 2) Beers 3) Whale 4) Seal
9	Option 1 In mammary glands are used to produce milk to nourish their young.
	1) marsupial 2) aves 3) mammals 4) reptile
10	Option 3 The trees and shrubs greater than 25 cm in height that have their leaf-producing buds elevated above ground on stems are called as in Raunkiaer's classification.
	1) Phanerophytes 2) Therophytes 3) Geophytes 4) Chamaephytes
11	Option 4 Biogeography studies the origin, distribution, and association of plants and animals.
	1) adaptation 2) acceptance 3) speciation 4) adjustment
	Option 1

12	The refers to both the movement of individuals from their birth site to their breeding site as well as the movement from one breeding site to another.	,
	1) Dispersal 2) Adaption 3) Speciation 4) Extinction	
13	Option 1 Biogeographic process of is the mechanism by which a new species is formed.	
	1) Speciation 2) Colonization 3) Extinction 4) Adaptation	
14	Option 1 The is the process in biology by which a species spreads into new areas, regions and continents.	
	1) speciation 2) extinction 3) succession 4) colonization	
15	Option 4 Which type of speciation is the process of sudden evolution of new species?	
	1) Gradual 2) Abrupt 3) Stasipatric 4) Sympatric	
Q.2	Option 2 Write short Notes (Three out of Four).	5
1	History of Biogeography	
	Ans:	
2	Biodiversity in India	
	Ans:	
3	Geographical Classification of plants	
	Ans:	
4	Carriers of Dispersal.	
	Ans:	
Q.3	.Write short Answers (Three out of Four) .	5
1	Give an element of Biogeography	
	Ans:	
2	What are the examples of floating hydrophytes plant?	
	Ans:	
3	Explain in brief the economic and ecological impacts of invasion.	
	Ans:	
4	What is Adoption?	
	Ans:	
Q.4	Answer the following question on broad. (One out of two).	5

1 Explain in details about the Biodiversity hotspots in India.

2	Write an account of the process of plants and animal dispersal.
	Ans:

Ans:

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