C 431	
Seat No.	

M.A. (SEM/CR) CBCS Part-II Semester-III Examination: October/November-2022 Geography (Compulsory) Paper-X GEOC28: Fundamentals of RS & DIM

Day and Date:Saturday,17/12/2022	Total Marks: 60
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Time: 3.30 PM To 5.30 PM

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- 1. All Questions are Compulsory.
- 2. All Questions carry equal marks.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks
- 4. Draw the diagram wherever necessary.
- 5. Allowed to use map stencil, if necessary

Q.1.Choose the Correct alternatives from the following.				
1	Which type of remote sensing uses its own source of electromagnetic energy?			
	A) Passive B) Active C) Turbo D) Orbital			
2	In visible region, the blue light is having a wavelength range of			
	A) 380 - 500 nm B) 1 - 15 mm C) 0.10 - 0.00257 nm D) 15 - 48 mm			
3	When we use one band of EMS to acquire an image then the image known as image.			
	A) hyperspectral B) multispectral C) super spectral D) panchromatic			
4	Which scattering occurs caused by large atmospheric particles, including dust, pollen, smoke, and water droplets?			
	A) Non-Selective B) Rayleigh C) Mie D) UV			
5	Which scattering occurs at the altitude of 0 to 5 km?			
	A) Mie B) Rayleigh C) Non-Selective D) UV			
6	Which is not related to aerial photography among options given below?			
	A) Flying height B) Focal Length C) Parallax D) Geostationary Satellite			
7	Overlapping in the direction of flight can be described as			
	A) Forward overlap B) Side lap C) Backward overlaps D) Adjacent overlap			
8	photographs are those made with the camera axis directed as vertically as possible.			
	A) Terrestrial B) Cloud C) Low oblique D) Vertical			
9	is the line joining opposite fiducial marks on a photograph.			
	A) Fiducial mark B) Fiducial axis C) Exposure station D) Focal Length			

10	photo film was the first widely used aerial photography film.
	A) Black and White B) Colour C) Infrared D) Colour Infrared
11	satellite acts as a communication channel between the transmitter and the receiver based on different locations on Earth.
	A) Earth Observation B) Communication C) Astronomical D) Navigational
12	satellites are predominantly used to monitor and record the Earth's climate and weather.
	A) Earth Observation B) Communication C) Astronomical D) Meteorological
13	the first of the series of indigenous state-of-art operating remote sensing satellites of India.
	A) IRS-1A B) IRS-1B C) IRS-1C D) IRS-1D
14	satellite system is the largest constellation of remote sensing satellites for civilian use in operation today in the world
	A) LANDSAT B) SPOT C) IRS D) QuickBird
15	was a high-resolution commercial earth observation satellite, owned by DigitalGlobe launched in 2001.
	A) LANDSAT B) SPOT C) Sentinels D) QuickBird
Q .2	2.Write short Notes (Three out of Four).
1	Scope and development of remote sensing
2	Types of Resolution in remote sensing
3	Geometry of aerial photographs
4	Earth observation Satellite
Q.3	3. Write short Answers (Three out of Four).
1	Explain Thermal remote sensing.
2	What is Stereoscopy?
3	Describe Remote Sensing Scenario in Indian Context.
4	Give brief information of Quickbard
Q. 4	4 Answer the following question on broad. (One out of two).
1	Describe the elements of photo interpretation.
2	Explain orbital and sensor characteristics of IRS.



GEOC28: Fundamentals of RS & DIM

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Ti	me: 3.30 PM To 5.30 PM	
Q.1	1.Choose the Correct alternatives from the following.	15
1	Which type of remote sensing uses its own source of electromagnetic energy?	
	A) Passive B) Active C) Turbo D) Orbital	
2	Option 2 In visible region, the blue light is having a wavelength range of	
	A) 380 - 500 nm B) 1 - 15 mm C) 0.10 - 0.00257 nm D) 15 - 48 mm	
3	Option 1 When we use one band of EMS to acquire an image then the image known as image.	
	A) hyperspectral B) multispectral C) super spectral D) panchromatic	
4	Option 4 Which scattering occurs caused by large atmospheric particles, including dust, pollen, smoke, and water droplets?	
	A) Non-Selective B) Rayleigh C) Mie D) UV	
5	Option 3 Which scattering occurs at the altitude of 0 to 5 km?	
	A) Mie B) Rayleigh C) Non-Selective D) UV	
6	Option 2 Which is not related to aerial photography among options given below?	
	A) Flying height B) Focal Length C) Parallax D) Geostationary Satellite	
7	Option 4 Overlapping in the direction of flight can be described as	
	A) Forward overlap B) Side lap C) Backward overlaps D) Adjacent overlap	
8	Option 1photographs are those made with the camera axis directed as vertically as possible.	
	A) Terrestrial B) Cloud C) Low oblique D) Vertical	
9	Option 4 is the line joining opposite fiducial marks on a photograph.	
	A) Fiducial mark B) Fiducial axis C) Exposure station D) Focal Length	
10	Option 2 photo film was the first widely used aerial photography film.	
	A) Black and White B) Colour C) Infrared D) Colour Infrared	
11	Option 1 satellite acts as a communication channel between the transmitter and the receiver based on different locations on Earth.	
	A) Earth Observation B) Communication C) Astronomical D) Navigational	
	Option 2	

12	satellites are predominantly used to monitor and record the Earth's climate and weather.	
	A) Earth Observation B) Communication C) Astronomical D) Meteorological	
13	Option 4 the first of the series of indigenous state-of-art operating remote sensing satellites of India.	
	A) IRS-1A B) IRS-1B C) IRS-1C D) IRS-1D	
14	Option 1 satellite system is the largest constellation of remote sensing satellites for civilian use in operation today in the world	on
	A) LANDSAT B) SPOT C) IRS D) QuickBird	
15	Option 3 was a high-resolution commercial earth observation satellite, owned by DigitalGlobe launched in 2001.	n
	A) LANDSAT B) SPOT C) Sentinels D) QuickBird	
Q.2	Option 4 .Write short Notes (Three out of Four) .	15
1	Scope and development of remote sensing	
	Ans:	
2	Types of Resolution in remote sensing	
	Ans:	
3	Geometry of aerial photographs	
	Ans:	
4	Earth observation Satellite	
	Ans:	
Q.3	Write short Answers (Three out of Four).	15
1	Explain Thermal remote sensing.	
	Ans:	
2	What is Stereoscopy?	
	Ans:	
3	Describe Remote Sensing Scenario in Indian Context.	
	Ans:	
4	Give brief information of Quickbard	
	Ans:	
Q.4	Answer the following question on broad. (One out of two).	15

Describe the elements of photo interpretation.

	Ans:
)	Explain orbital and sensor characteristics of IRS

Ans:

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